

Crastin® FGS600F40 NC010

THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER RESIN

Crastin® FGS600F40 NC010 is an unreinforced lubricated, low viscosity polybutylene terephthalate resin for injection moulding. It has been developed for consideration into applications such as parts for the food industry.

FOOD CONTACT

This product is manufactured according to Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) principles and generally accepted in food contact applications in Europe and the USA when meeting applicable use conditions. For details, individual compliance statements are available from our representative.

Product information

Resin Identification	PBT	ISO 1043
Part Marking Code	>PBT<	ISO 11469

Rheological properties

Melt volume-flow rate	33 cm ³ /10min	ISO 1133
Temperature	250 °C	
Load	2.16 kg	
Moulding shrinkage, parallel	1.6 %	ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage, normal	1.6 %	ISO 294-4, 2577

Typical mechanical properties

Tensile modulus	2400 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at yield, 50mm/min	55 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile strain at yield, 50mm/min	4 %	ISO 527-1/-2
Nominal strain at break	30 %	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile strain at break, 50mm/min	>50 %	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile creep modulus, 1h	2600 MPa	ISO 899-1
Tensile creep modulus, 1000h	1800 MPa	ISO 899-1
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	N kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy impact strength, -30°C	N kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	4 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	4 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Poisson's ratio	0.38	

Thermal properties

Melting temperature, 10°C/min	223 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min	55 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Temperature of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa	50 °C	ISO 75-1/-2
Temperature of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa, annealed	60 °C	ISO 75-1/-2
Temperature of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa	115 °C	ISO 75-1/-2
Temperature of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa, annealed	180 °C	ISO 75-1/-2
Vicat softening temperature, 50°C/h 50N	175 °C	ISO 306
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), parallel	110 E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2

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Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), normal	120 E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2
Thermal conductivity of melt	0.21 W/(m K)	ISO 22007-2
Specific heat capacity of melt	2110 J/(kg K)	ISO 22007-4
RTI, electrical, 0.75mm	130 °C	UL 746B
RTI, electrical, 1.5mm	130 °C	UL 746B
RTI, electrical, 3.0mm	130 °C	UL 746B
RTI, electrical, 6mm	130 °C	UL 746B
RTI, impact, 0.75mm	115 °C	UL 746B
RTI, impact, 1.5mm	115 °C	UL 746B
RTI, impact, 3.0mm	115 °C	UL 746B
RTI, impact, 6mm	115 °C	UL 746B
RTI, strength, 0.75mm	120 °C	UL 746B
RTI, strength, 1.5mm	120 °C	UL 746B
RTI, strength, 3.0mm	120 °C	UL 746B
RTI, strength, 6mm	120 °C	UL 746B

Flammability

Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn.	HB class	IEC 60695-11-10
Thickness tested	1.5 mm	IEC 60695-11-10
UL recognition	yes	UL 94
Burning Behav. at thickness h	HB class	IEC 60695-11-10
Thickness tested	3 mm	IEC 60695-11-10
UL recognition	yes	UL 94
Oxygen index	22 %	ISO 4589-1/-2
FMVSS Class	B	ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)
Burning rate, Thickness 1 mm	28 mm/min	ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)

Electrical properties

Relative permittivity, 1MHz	3.2	IEC 62631-2-1
Dissipation factor, 100Hz	20 E-4	IEC 62631-2-1
Dissipation factor, 1MHz	200 E-4	IEC 62631-2-1
Volume resistivity	>1E13 Ohm.m	IEC 62631-3-1
Surface resistivity	1E12 Ohm	IEC 62631-3-2
Electric strength	26 kV/mm	IEC 60243-1
Comparative tracking index	600	IEC 60112

Physical/Other properties

Humidity absorption, 2mm	0.2 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Water absorption, 2mm	0.4 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	1310 kg/m ³	ISO 1183
Density of melt	1110 kg/m ³	

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VDA Properties

Odour	3 class	VDA 270
Fogging, F-value (refraction)	95 %	ISO 6452
Fogging, G-value (condensate)	0.2 mg	ISO 6452

Injection

Drying Recommended	yes
Drying Temperature	140 °C
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	4 - 6 h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.01 %
Melt Temperature Optimum	240 °C
Min. melt temperature	240 °C
Max. melt temperature	250 °C
Mold Temperature Optimum	80 °C
Min. mould temperature	60 °C
Max. mould temperature	120 °C
Hold pressure range	≥60 MPa
Hold pressure time	4 s/mm
Back pressure	As low as possible MPa
Ejection temperature	170 °C

Characteristics

Processing	Injection Moulding
Delivery form	Pellets

Additional information

Injection molding	To minimize the volatile content in the final product, dry the resin to ≤0.01% water content. In injection molding, use the lowest possible melt temperature (recommended 240 °C) and shortest feasible residence time (recommended 2-3 minutes). Store the parts in a ventilated, clean area before use. If assistance is needed please contact your Celanese account representative.
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These recommendations are based on internal Celanese testing. For drying and injection molding conditions outside the above parameters, customer must test for and verify suitably low volatiles emissions on molded articles to confirm the final product is suitably pure for its intended use.

Processing Notes

Pre-Drying

To avoid hydrolytic degradation during processing, CRAFTIN resins have to be dried to a moisture level equal to or less than 0.01%. Drying should be done in a dehumidifying hopper dryer capable of dewpoints <-40 °C (-40 °F) at 140 °C (284 °F) for 4-6 hours.

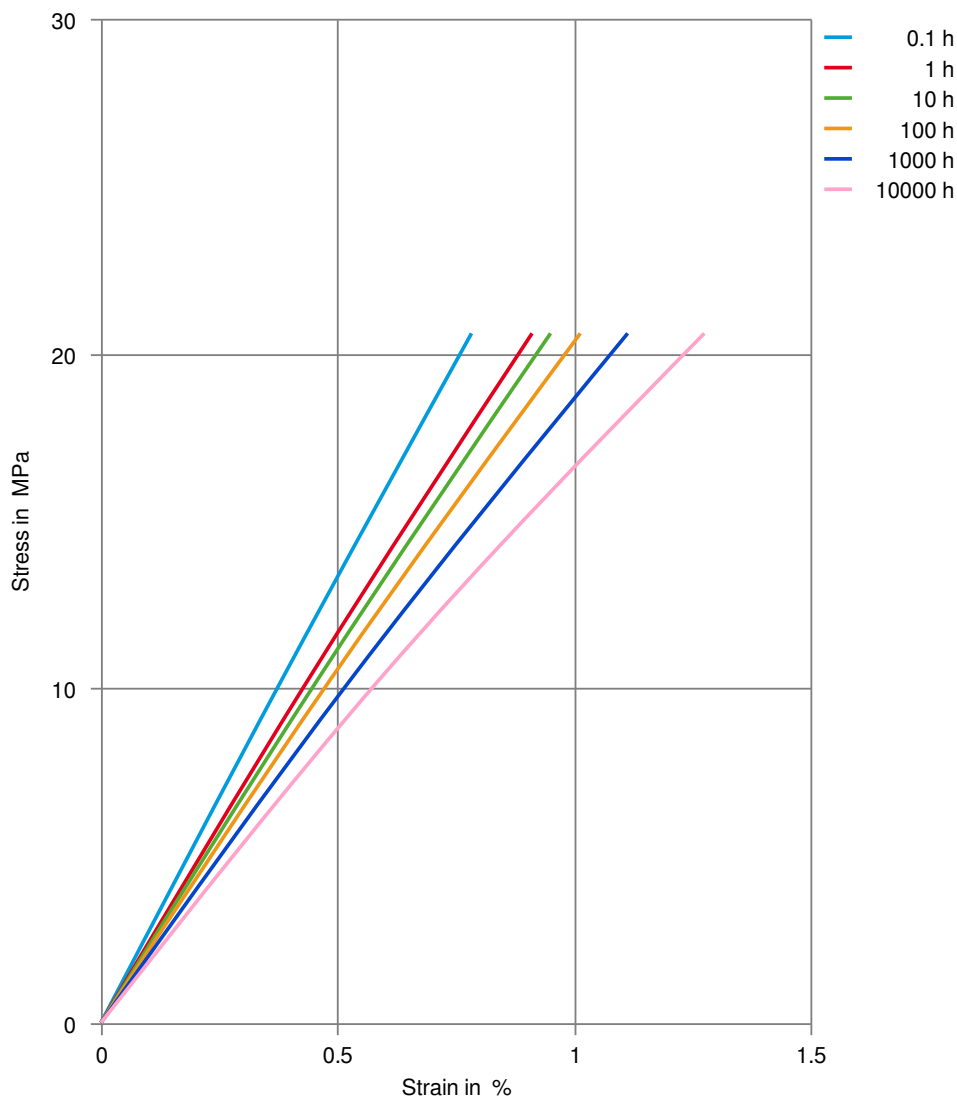
Storage

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For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed (≤ 60 h) it is necessary to lower the temperature to 100° C.

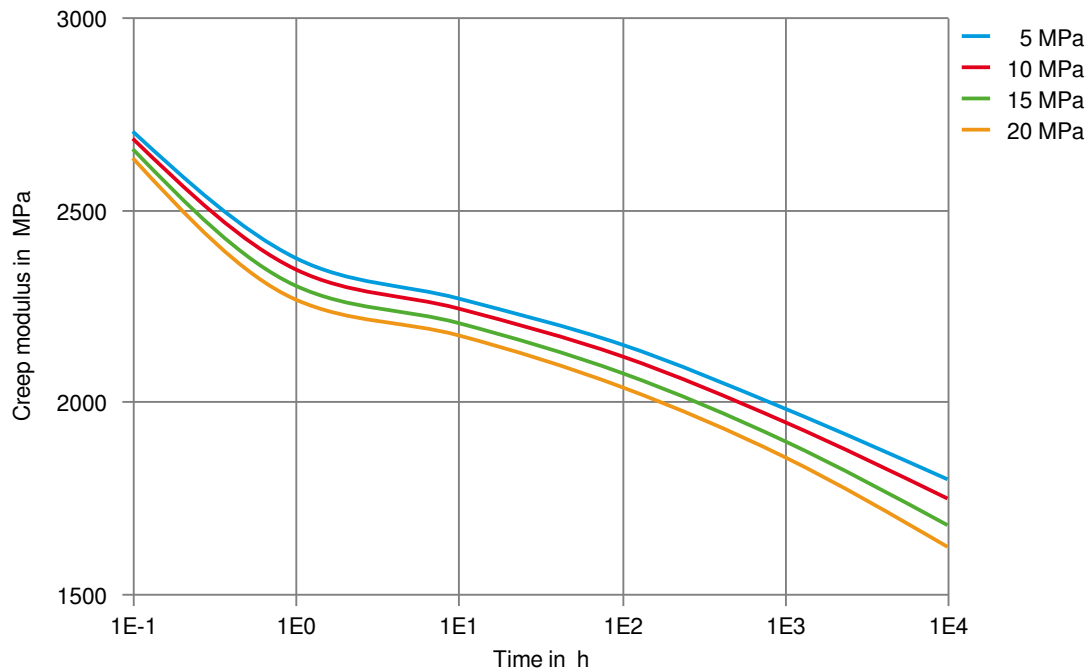
Stress-strain (isochronous) 23° C
(measured on Crastin® S600F40 NC010)



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Creep modulus-time 23°C
(measured on Crastin® S600F40 NC010)



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Chemical Media Resistance

Acids

- ✓ Acetic Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Citric Acid solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Lactic Acid (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Hydrochloric Acid (36% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Nitric Acid (40% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Sulfuric Acid (38% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Sulfuric Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Chromic Acid solution (40% by mass), 23°C

Bases

- ✗ Sodium Hydroxide solution (35% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (1% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Ammonium Hydroxide solution (10% by mass), 23°C

Alcohols

- ✓ Isopropyl alcohol, 23°C
- ✓ Methanol, 23°C
- ✓ Ethanol, 23°C

Hydrocarbons

- ✓ n-Hexane, 23°C
- ✓ Toluene, 23°C
- ✓ iso-Octane, 23°C

Ketones

- ✓ Acetone, 23°C

Ethers

- ✓ Diethyl ether, 23°C

Mineral oils

- ✓ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 23°C
- ✗ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 130°C
- ✗ SAE 80/90 hypoid-gear oil, 130°C
- ✓ Insulating Oil, 23°C

Standard Fuels

- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 1 - E5, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 2 - M15E4, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 3 - M3E7, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 4 - M15, 60°C
- ✓ Standard fuel without alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid C), 23°C
- ✓ Standard fuel with alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid 4), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 90°C
- ✗ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), >90°C

Salt solutions

- ✓ Sodium Chloride solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C

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- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (20% by mass), 23 °C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (2% by mass), 23 °C
- ✓ Zinc Chloride solution (50% by mass), 23 °C

Other

- ✓ Ethyl Acetate, 23 °C
- ✗ Hydrogen peroxide, 23 °C
- ✗ DOT No. 4 Brake fluid, 130 °C
- ✗ Ethylene Glycol (50% by mass) in water, 108 °C
- ✓ 1% nonylphenoxy-polyethyleneoxy ethanol in water, 23 °C
- ✓ 50% Oleic acid + 50% Olive Oil, 23 °C
- ✓ Water, 23 °C
- ✗ Water, 90 °C
- ✓ Phenol solution (5% by mass), 23 °C

Symbols used:

- ✓ possibly resistant
Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).
- ✗ not recommended - see explanation
Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).